

Aesthetics [PY 3130]

Introductory reading

Hanfling, O. (ed.) Philosophical Aesthetics: An Introduction. (Oxford: Blackwell, 1992).

Wollheim, Richard Art and its Objects. (Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1978) second edition.

Sample examination questions

- 1. What needs to be assumed, if Plato's objections to poetry are to be met?
- 2. Does Aristotle provide an adequate account of our response to tragic drama?
- 3. Does Hume establish the existence of a standard of taste?
- 4. Does Kant succeed in showing that is it possible for a judgement which rests on a feeling of pleasure to have universal validity?
- 5. Does Schiller make a convincing case for the necessity of 'aesthetic education'?
- 6. Why does Hegel believe that art 'no longer satisfies our supreme need', and is he correct?
- 7. 'If the whole world as representation is only the visibility of will, then art is the elucidation of this visibility' (Schopenhauer). Discuss.
- 8. Explain and evaluate Nietzsche's notion of an 'aesthetic justification' of existence.
- 9. How, if at all, can music express emotion?
- 10. Can art be defined?
- 11. Does pictorial representation involve resemblance?
- 12. Are works of art physical objects?
- 13. Can we be moved by the fate of a fictional personage?
- 14. Must each literary work have one correct interpretation?
- 15. Is there any aesthetic difference between an original artwork and a perfect forgery?
- 16. Is the notion of pornographic art incoherent?
- 17. To what extent, if at all, should moral judgements influence aesthetic judgements?
- 18. 'The aesthetic attitude is a myth.' Discuss.